

# Oil prices jump after US intercepts oil tanker

**London, Dec. 22:** Oil prices rose on Monday after the US intercepted an oil tanker in international waters off the coast of Venezuela and tensions in Russia's war against Ukraine remained high, with both developments raising fears of supply disruption.

Brent crude futures LCOc1 gained \$1.11, or 1.84 per cent, to \$61.58 a barrel by 1124 GMT. US West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude CLc1 rose by \$1.04,

or 1.84 per cent, to \$57.56. Market participants now see a risk of disruption to Venezuelan oil exports because of US embargo, having previously been complacent in that regard, said UBS analyst Giovanni Staunovo.

Venezuelan crude accounts for about 1 per cent of global supply.

Growing supply from the US and the OPEC+ producer group have largely

A black silhouette illustration of an oil spill, showing a dark, thick liquid leaking from a source, possibly a ruptured oil pipe or container. It's depicted as a dark, jagged shape against a white background.

offset worries over supply disruption elsewhere to keep Brent futures around \$65 a barrel in second half of 2025, though prices have eased in the past month because of oversupply concerns.

Oil prices have been supported by developments off Venezuela, alongside the simmering Russia-Ukraine tensions in the background in an otherwise very bearish market,

said June Goh, analyst at Sparta Commodities.

A rebound in oil prices has been sparked by US President Donald Trump's announcement of a total and complete blockade of sanctioned Venezuelan oil tankers, followed by reports of a Ukrainian drone strike on a Russian shadow fleet vessel in the Mediterranean, said IG analyst Tony Sycamore.

The Brent and WTI fell by about 1 per cent last week.

—Reuters

# Core sector output rebounds in Nov

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NEW DELHI

India's eight core industries grew 1.8% in November, rebounding from a 0.1% contraction in October, as higher output in fertilizers, steel, coal and cement offset continued weakness in oil, gas and refinery products, official data showed.

Cement output rose 14.5% during the month, fertilizers grew 5.6%, steel expanded 6.1%, and coal production increased 2.1%.

Overall core sector growth, however, remained modest as output of crude oil, natural gas and refinery products contracted, per data released by the ministry of commerce and industry on Monday.

During the April-November period of the current fiscal year, core sector output expanded 2.4% year-on-year.

The eight core industries—coal, crude oil, natural gas, refinery products, fertilizers, steel, cement and electricity—together account for more than two-fifths of India's total industrial output.

In October, output contracted in four sectors—coal,



Overall core sector growth remained modest as output of crude oil, natural gas and refinery products contracted. HT

crude oil, natural gas and electricity—while steel production slowed compared with the previous month. Cement, fertilizers and refinery products, however, recorded month-on-month increases, leaving overall core sector output flat year-on-year.

November's 1.8% growth compares with a 5.8% expansion in the same month last year, pointing to a strong base effect.

**During the April-November period of the current fiscal year, core sector output expanded 2.4% year-on-year**

Madan Sabnavis, chief economist at Bank of Baroda, noted that steel output grew 6.1% against 10.5% a year ago, while cement's

14.5% growth came on top of a 13.1% expansion last year. "The push to infrastructure creation in both roads and housing has contributed to this growth in

these two industries," he said. Fertilizer output grew 5.6% compared with 2% a year earlier, which Sabnavis attributed

to a base effect as well as inventory stocking after the rabi sowing season.

On the contraction in oil and gas output, Sabnavis said low global oil prices have dampened domestic production given the associated costs. Electricity generation declined 2.2%, which he said could reflect weaker demand amid the earlier-than-usual onset of winter.

Sabnavis added that industrial production may have expanded in the range of 2.5-3% in November.

In October, India's industrial production had grown 0.4% year-on-year, its slowest pace in 14 months, as manufacturing activity decelerated and output in mining and electricity contracted.

Aditi Nayar, chief economist at ICRA, said: "While core sector growth expectedly improved in November 2025 after the festive season, it remained tepid at 1.8%. Given the base effects and shift in the festive calendar, it would be more prudent to assess the average for October and November 2025, which stands at a meagre 0.8%, lower than the average growth of 3.0% recorded in H1FY2026."

# Natural gas import bill down 12% in Apr-Nov

ARUNIMA BHARADWAJ  
New Delhi, December 22

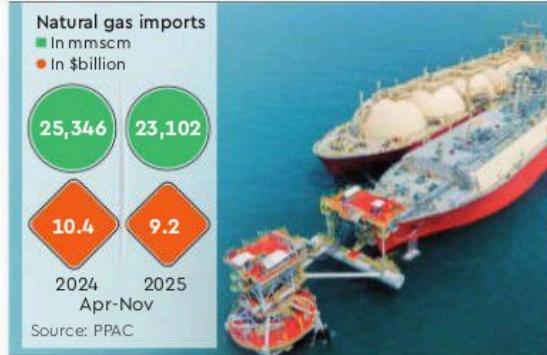
**INDIA'S NATURAL GAS** import bill declined by 11.5% to \$9.2 billion during April-November of FY26 compared with \$10.4 billion in the year-ago period, according to data from the government's Petroleum Planning and Analysis Cell (PPAC).

The country imported 23,102 million standard cubic metres (mmscm) of liquefied natural gas (LNG) during the period, reflecting a 8.8% decline over April-November of FY25. In November, the import bill remained unchanged at \$1.2 billion, while the volume imported increased by 4.9% to 2,844 mmscm.

During the eight-month period, the country's natural gas consumption decreased by 6% to 46,239 mmscm. The country's reliance on imported gas also decreased during the period to 50% from 51.5% in the same period last fiscal.

Domestic natural gas production too declined marginally by 3.3% to 23,439 mmscm during April-November of FY26. State-owned Oil and Natural Gas Corporation (ONGC) produced 12,354 mmscm of natural gas during this period, down from 12,578 mmscm in the corresponding period of FY25. Production remained below targets, highlighting the widening gap between demand and domestic supply. Oil India produced

## DECLINING FLOW



2,136 mmscm of gas during April-November, up from 2,117 mmscm last year. The demand for natural gas is expected to grow by 4-6% in FY26 while domestic gas production is expected to grow to about 100 mmscmd only, Prashant Vasishtha, senior vice president and co-group head, corporate ratings, Icra, had said. Thus, the dependence on LNG imports is expected to remain high at 52% of consumption.

The country imports as much as 50% of its natural gas requirements. Qatar accounted for 41% of India's imports in FY25, followed by the US at 19% and the UAE at 13%.

In 2024, India became the world's fourth-largest LNG importer, accounting for 7% of global LNG imports. The growth in demand was primarily driven by the industrial and oil refining sectors, followed by

residential, commercial, and transport sectors. In a first structured contract, India's state-owned oil companies have concluded a one-year deal for imports of 2.2 million tonne of LPG from the US in 2026.

The imports, accounting for close to 10% of the country's annual imports, will be sourced from the US Gulf Coast. The deal follows the commitment expressed by India to scale up energy imports from the US, with which the country is negotiating a bilateral trade agreement (BTA), even as most Indian goods face an additional tariff of 50% in the US over the most favoured nation rates.

The US is already India's second-largest LNG supplier, driven by abundant supply and competitive long-term contracts, as per report by Rubix Data Sciences.



# Cairn to start drilling in Ambe block, installs sub-sea template

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**Our Bureau**

New Delhi

Cairn Oil & Gas said on Monday that it has successfully installed India's first-ever sub-sea template (SST) on the West Coast, marking a significant breakthrough for offshore exploration in the Ambe block as part of the conductor supported platform (CSP) installation.

The development enables the country's largest private oil and gas producer to soon start cluster drilling at the Ambe field, which is located in the Gulf of Cambay and is

one of the first discovered small field (DSF) blocks.

The operation was carried out using a jack-up rig, the first such execution in the Indian offshore region.

Cairn plans to fast track the development and monetisation of the field on the West Coast, the company, which is part of the oil-to-metals Vedanta Group, said.

"With the SST now in place, Cairn plans to initiate drilling operations soon," it added. Installing a subsea template means placing a pre-engineered steel foundation on the sea bed, which forms a key part of the CSP

for future drilling and production. It provides positioning and alignment for multiple wells as well as structural support for equipment and protection for well heads. It enables cluster drilling and reduces installation time and cost compared to individual well foundations.

It marks a major leap for marginal field monetisation in DSF blocks, with the potential to reshape the way smaller offshore discoveries are brought to production, making them viable and contributing to India's energy security, Cairn added.

# India's core sector grows at 1.8% in Nov.

Cement, steel, fertiliser and coal in positive territory; production of crude oil records contraction of 3.2%; natural gas output falls by 2.5%

**Asian News International**

NEW DELHI

**T**he combined Index of Eight Core Industries (ICI) increased by 1.8% in November compared with the same period last year, data released by the Ministry of Commerce and Industry said on Monday.

Production of cement, steel, fertiliser and coal recorded positive growth in November 2025, it said.

Coal production rose by 2.1% in November. However, on a cumulative basis, coal output declined by 1.4% during the April-November 2025-26 period.

Crude oil production recorded a contraction of 3.2% in November compared with the year earlier.

The cumulative crude oil index has declined by 1.3% in the current financial year so far.

Natural gas output fell



**Good show:** Cement emerged as the best-performing segment, recording the highest YoY growth of 14.5%. C. VENKATACHALAPATHY

by 2.5% year-on-year in November 2025, continuing its downward trend. Cumulatively, natural gas production declined by 3% during April-November 2025-26. Petroleum refinery products, the largest component of the core industries index, saw a decline of 0.9% in November.

Despite a monthly decline, refinery output posted marginal cumulative growth of 0.2% during the period under review.

Fertiliser production re-

gistered a strong growth of 5.6% in November 2025.

On a cumulative basis, fertiliser output increased by 1.3% during April-November 2025-26. Steel production rose by 6.1% in November, reflecting robust performance in the sector. The cumulative steel index recorded a strong growth of 9.7% during the April-November 2025-26 period.

Cement emerged as the best-performing segment, recording the highest year-on-year growth of 14.5%.

## MUMBAI CONGRESS'S ELECTION MANIFESTO

# Rest rooms at CNG stations, Rs 10 meals for North Indians

Express News Service

Mumbai, December 22

AHEAD OF the upcoming Brihanmumbai Municipal Corporation (BMC) elections, the North Indian cell of the Mumbai Congress on Monday released a seven-point manifesto, focusing on the protection of dignity, self-employment, and social security for the North Indian community in Mumbai.

The manifesto, which was released in the presence of senior party leader Avinash Pandey, Uttar Pradesh Congress chief Ajay Rai, Mumbai Congress president Varsha Gaikwad and others, is the result of the 'Samvad' campaign, where the cell engaged directly with citizens to understand their core issues.

The manifesto promises implementation of a transparent Town Vending Committee election process and digital licences for all eligible vendors, expansion of CNG stations to include rest centres and workshop corners for free health check-up for drivers eyeing auto-taxi driver welfare, collaboration between the BMC and Railways to create large waiting areas outside stations during Diwali and Chhath Puja, offering lodging and meals for Rs10 to Rs50; construction of permanent immersion ponds and ghats at beaches, featuring permanent changing rooms for women, lighting, and lifeguard stations as part of Chhath Puja infrastructure; construction of a 'Pravasi Bhavan' (travellers' hall) to provide an affordable venue for cultural

events and weddings; streamlining the licensing process for city dairies (tabelas) and moving water billing from commercial to subsidized rates.

The western suburbs of Mumbai have a considerable north Indian population where the Congress aims to rebuild its base. At least 40-50 BMC seats out of the total 227 seats have considerable north Indian population.

During the manifesto launch held at Sharda Gyanpeeth International School in Malad (East), Ajay Rai called upon the north Indian community to unite and defeat the BJP-led alliance.

Echoing this sentiment, Varsha Gaikwad said, "The Congress has always provided representation to the north Indian community."

# Core sector growth recovers a tad

November's 1.8% uptick follows 1st contraction in 15 mths; infra demand revs up steel, cement

**AUHONA MUKHERJEE**  
New Delhi, 22 December

India's core sector output recovered slightly in November to rise 1.8 per cent, after recording its first contraction in 15 months this October according to revised official data, but four of the eight sectors continued to record a year-on-year dip in production, including electricity, even as cement output soared to a 26-month high.

The Ministry of Commerce and Industry, revised October's Index of Core Industries (ICI) to reflect a 0.1 per cent year-on-year decline in output, as opposed to its earlier estimate of a flat zero per cent movement.

November's 1.8 per cent uptick in the ICI is still the second slowest since May. Moreover, on a sequential basis, output was 0.3 per cent below October levels with five of eight sectors recording a contraction — electricity, refinery products, natural gas, crude oil and fertilisers. Barrelling fertilisers, the four other sectors also recorded a year-on-year decline.

Coal production jumped nearly 20 per cent from October, and was 2.1 per cent higher than last November. Electricity generation fell for the second month in a row, although the contraction eased to 2.2 per cent in November from 6.9 per cent in October.



## Back in the green

Overall core sector growth (Y-o-Y chg in %)



Note: Nov data is provisional; Source: Ministry of Commerce and Industry

## Sectoral trend in November

Sector	Y-o-Y chg in %
Coal	2.1
Crude oil	-3.2
Natural gas	-2.5
Refinery products	-0.9
Fertilizers	5.6
Steel	6.1
Cement	14.5
Electricity	-2.2

In November 2024, core sectors' output had registered a growth of 5.8 per cent. In the fastest uptick since October 2023, cement output grew 14.5 per cent on top of a 13.1 per cent rise recorded last November, and was almost 3 per cent over this October's level. Steel output also rose 6.1 per cent in November. "The push to infra in both roads and housing has contributed to these two industries' growth," reckoned Bank of Baroda Chief Economist Madan Sabnavis.

Crude oil shrank 3.2 per cent, marking the third straight month of contraction and the tenth such occasion in 2025. Natural gas output fell 2.5 per cent, the 17th successive month of

decline. Refinery products dropped 0.9 per cent. Sabnavis said the decline in the oil complex is normal when global crude oil prices are low.

For the first eight months of financial year 2025-26, core sectors' output growth is 2.4 per cent against 4.4 per cent during the same period last year.

The eight core sectors constitute 40.27 per cent of the weight of items included in the Index of Industrial Production (IIP). India's industrial production had moderated significantly to a 14-month low of 0.4 per cent in October from 4.6 per cent in September, on the back of working days and a sharp decline in electricity generation.

"The pickup in the overall core sector reading in November was expected due to the festive season, but remained generally tepid," said Aditi Nayar, chief economist at ICRA Ratings, attributing most of the uptick to cement. "Given the base effects and shift in the festive calendar, it would be more prudent to assess the average for October and November, which stands at a meagre 0.8 per cent, lower than the average growth of 3 per cent recorded in the first half of FY26," she said.

While Nayar expects the IIP to rise by 3.5 per cent to 4.5 per cent in November, Sabnavis pegged it in the range of 2.5 per cent to 3 per cent.

# ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस के लिए **HPCL** को 2 प्रतिष्ठित राष्ट्रीय पुरस्कार



## सवेरा न्यूज

मुंबई, 22 दिसंबर : भारत की अग्रणी सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र की तेल विषयन कंपनी हिन्दुस्तान पैट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड (एचपीसीएल) को उसके प्रमुख ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस कार्यक्रम के लिए 2 प्रतिष्ठित राष्ट्रीय पुरस्कारों से सम्मानित किया गया है। कंपनी को सीआईआई डिजिटल ट्रांसफॉर्मेशन (डीएस) अवार्ड तथा जागरण हाईटेक अवार्ड प्राप्त हुए हैं। सीआईआई डिजिटल ट्रांसफॉर्मेशन पुरस्कारों में ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस को ग्राहक अनुभव श्रेणी में मानव-केंद्रित सर्वोत्तम प्रथाओं के लिए चुना गया, वहीं जागरण हाईटेक अवार्ड में इसे ऑटोमोबाइल और मोबिलिटी इकोसिस्टम में लॉयल्टी कार्यक्रम में प्रौद्योगिकी के सर्वोत्तम उपयोग के लिए एडिटर्स च्वाइस पुरस्कार प्रदान किया गया। ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस एचपीसीएल का प्रीपेट फ्लीट कार्ड और लॉयल्टी कार्यक्रम है, जो फ्लीट मालिकों को एक समग्र फ्लीट प्रबंधन समाधान उपलब्ध कराता है। इसके माध्यम से देशभर में एचपीसीएल के पैट्रोल पंपों पर इंधन और ल्यूब्रिकेंट की खरीद, डिजिटल रिचार्ज सुविधा और प्रत्येक रिचार्ज पर डिजिटल प्रोत्साहन मिलता है। ये सम्मान रिटेल और मोबिलिटी क्षेत्र में डिजिटल नवाचार, ग्राहक-केंद्रित सेवाओं और विश्वसनीय प्रौद्योगिकी समाधान उपलब्ध कराने की दिशा में एचपीसीएल की मजबूत प्रतिबद्धता को दर्शते हैं।

# एचपीसीएल ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस के लिए डीएक्स पुरस्कार व जागरण हाईटेक पुरस्कार से सम्मानित

मुंबई, 22 दिसम्बर (देशबन्धु)। हिन्दुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कॉर्पोरेशन लिमिटेड (एचपीसीएल) को इसके प्रमुख ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस कार्यक्रम के लिए दो प्रतिष्ठित सम्मान - सीआईआई डिजिटल ट्रांसफॉर्मेशन (डीएक्स) अवार्ड और जागरण हाईटेक अवार्ड से सम्मानित किया गया है।

सीआईआई डिजिटल ट्रांसफॉर्मेशन (डीएक्स) पुरस्कारों में, ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस को सर्वश्रेष्ठ अभिनव सर्वोत्तम प्रथाओं के लिए ग्राहक अनुभव श्रेणी में सम्मानित किया गया था, साथ ही इसे जागरण हाईटेक पुरस्कारों में एक लॉयल्टी प्रोग्राम में प्रौद्योगिकी के सर्वोत्तम उपयोग के लिए एडिटर्स चॉइस पुरस्कार भी प्राप्त हुआ, जो ऑटोमोबाइल और मोबाइलटी इकोसिस्टम में प्रौद्योगिकी की उत्कृष्टता हेतु प्रदान किए जाते हैं।

ये सम्मान रिटेल और मोबाइलटी इकोसिस्टम में डिजिटल परिवर्तन, ग्राहक-



■ ग्राहक अनुभव में उत्कृष्टता व डिजिटल प्रौद्योगिकी के अभिनव उपयोग के लिए ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस को किया सम्मानित

केंद्रित नवाचार और प्रौद्योगिकी-आधारित विकास के लिए एचपीसीएल की प्रतिबद्धता को पुनः रेखांकित करते हैं।

ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस एचपीसीएल का प्रीपेड फ्लीट कार्ड और लॉयल्टी प्रोग्राम है जो फ्लीट के मालिकों के लिए एक व्यापक फ्लीट प्रबंधन समाधान प्रदान करता है। यह

कार्यक्रम देश भर में एचपीसीएल पेट्रोल पंपों में ईंधन और ल्यूब्रिकेंट की खरीद को सक्षम बनाता है और प्रत्येक रिचार्ज पर ड्राइवस्टार्स डिजिटल प्रोत्साहन के साथ सीसीएमएस खातों के डिजिटल रीचार्जिंग की अनुमति देता है। 0.75 प्रतिशत डिजिटल प्रोत्साहन के अतिरिक्त, ड्राइवट्रैक प्लस चालकों और सह-चालकों के लिए दुर्घटना बीमा, फ्लीट के परिचालन की बेहतरीन दृश्यता और नियंत्रण के लिए एक परिवहन प्रबंधन प्रणाली (टीएमएस), सड़क पर सहायता हेतु 18,000 से अधिक प्रशिक्षित मैकेनिकों के राष्ट्रव्यापी नेटवर्क द्वारा समर्थित सड़क का साथी (एसकेएस) और एचपीसीएल के आश्वासन 'व्हाट इस फिल्ड इस बिल्ड' के तहत चयनित आउटलेटों पर सटीक फ्यूलिंग और बिलिंग सुनिश्चित करने हेतु एक एनएफसी-आधारित संपर्क रहित ईंधन समाधान प्रदान करता है।

# आठ बुनियादी उद्योगों की वृद्धि दर नवंबर में घटकर 1.8% पर

नई दिल्ली, 22 दिसंबर (भाषा)।

देश के आठ प्रमुख बुनियादी उद्योगों की वृद्धि दर नवंबर में घटकर 1.8 फीसद रह गई। यह पिछले साल इसी महीने में 5.8 फीसद थी। अधिकारिक आंकड़ों के अनुसार कच्चे तेल, ग्रान्युलिक गैस, रिफाइनरी उत्पादों और विजली उत्पादन में गिरावट से बह नरमी आई है।

हालांकि, आंकड़ों से पता चलता है कि इन क्षेत्रों का प्रदर्शन मार्गिक आधार पर सुधरा है। अनुबूति नवंबर में आठ प्रमुख उद्योगों कोयला, कच्चा तेल, ग्रान्युलिक गैस, पेट्रोलियम रिफाइनरी उत्पाद, विजली, ऊर्जे और इस्पात के उत्पादन में 0.1 फीसद की गिरावट आई। नालू वित्त वर्ष 2025-26 की अप्रैल-नवंबर अवधि में इन क्षेत्रों का उत्पादन 2.4 फीसद बढ़ा जबकि वित्त वर्ष 2024-

25 की समान अवधि में वृद्धि दर 4.4 फीसद रही थी। नवंबर में कोयला और इस्पात उत्पादन की वृद्धि दर में नरमी आई। हालांकि, ऊर्जे और सीमेंट उत्पादन क्रमशः 5.6 फीसद और 14.5 फीसद बढ़ा।

इक्का तिथि को मुख्य अर्थज्ञानी अधिनि नावर ने कहा कि त्योहारों के बाद नवंबर 2025 में प्रमुख थेजों की वृद्धि अपेक्षित रूप से सुधरी, लेकिन यह अब भी सुरक्षा बनी हुई है। उन्होंने कहा कि अक्टूबर और नवंबर के बीच वृद्धि में सुधार की अनुवाई अधिकांश थेजों ने की, जिसमें विशेष रूप से सीमेंट में तेज उछाल देखा गया। नावर ने कहा कि बुनियादी उद्योग की वृद्धि और अन्य महत्वपूर्ण आंकड़ों को देखते हुए नवंबर 2025 में औद्योगिक उत्पादन सुनकांक (आइआईपी) के 3.5 से 4.5 फीसद तक बढ़ने की उम्मीद है।



पेट्रोल पंप राजश्री पयूल्स पर अभियान का शुभारंभ करते हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन लिमिटेड के अधिकारी व डीलर • सौ. एचपीसीएल

## हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम ने शुरू किया अभियान तेल खरीद पर मिलेगा रोजाना उपहार

जागरण संवाददाता, मेरठ : हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम ने ग्राहकों को लाभ देने और विक्री बढ़ाने के उद्देश्य से अभियान शुरू किया है। इसने खरीदरों को प्रतिदिन उपहार तो मिलेगा ही। समाप्ति पर भी लकी ड्रा के माध्यम से मेंगा उपहार मिलेगा। अभियान 26 जनवरी तक चलेगा।

शहर स्थित पेट्रोल पंप राजश्री पयूल्स में डीलरों और ग्राहकों की उपस्थिति में हिंदुस्तान पेट्रोलियम कारपोरेशन लिमिटेड के मेरठ खुदरा विक्री क्षेत्रीय कार्यालय की ओर से अभियान का शुभारंभ किया गया। यह अभियान दोपहिया, तिपहिया व कर के लिए लागू है। तेल खरीद पर कूपन मिलेगा। अभियान में भाग लेने वाले एचपी के

समाप्ति पर भी लकी ड्रा के माध्यम से मेंगा उपहार मिलेगा।  
26 जनवरी तक चलेगा अभियान

पंप पर प्रतिदिन एक ग्राहक को एक लीटर तेल निशुल्क दिया जाएगा। गणतंत्र दिवस पर कार्यक्रम का समाप्ति होगा, उस दिन पेट्रोल पंपों पर मेंगा लकी ड्रा निकाल जाएगा। तीन ग्राहकों को पांच हजार रुपये, तीन हजार रुपये और दो हजार रुपये के उपहार के रूप में मिलेंगे। डीलर ग्राहकों को प्रोत्साहित करने और अधिक विक्री सुनिश्चित करने के लिए ग्राहक बोर्ड पर प्रतिदिन पुरस्कार विजेता ग्राहकों का विवरण भी प्रदर्शित किया जाएगा।



## नवंबर में 8 प्रमुख उद्योगों का उत्पादन 1.8% बढ़ा

नई दिल्ली | देश के 8 प्रमुख उद्योगों यानी कोर सेक्टर का उत्पादन नवंबर में 1.8% बढ़ा। यह अक्टूबर से 0.1% ज्यादा, लेकिन नवंबर 2024 के 7.9% से कई गुना कम है। कोयला, कच्चा तेल, प्राकृतिक गैस, रिफाइनरी, खाद, स्टील, सीमेंट, विजली कोर सेक्टर का हिस्सा हैं। आंकड़ों के मुताबिक, अप्रैल-नवंबर में इन उद्योगों का उत्पादन 3.4% बढ़ा।